

Fire Safety



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Evacuation

Evacuation Sequence



FIRE ALARM ACTIVATED



Alarm Ring for 30 sec



Tenant(s) to remain alert for announcements & 2nd Fire Alarm



2nd FIRE ALARM ACTIVATED



Alarm Continuous Ringing



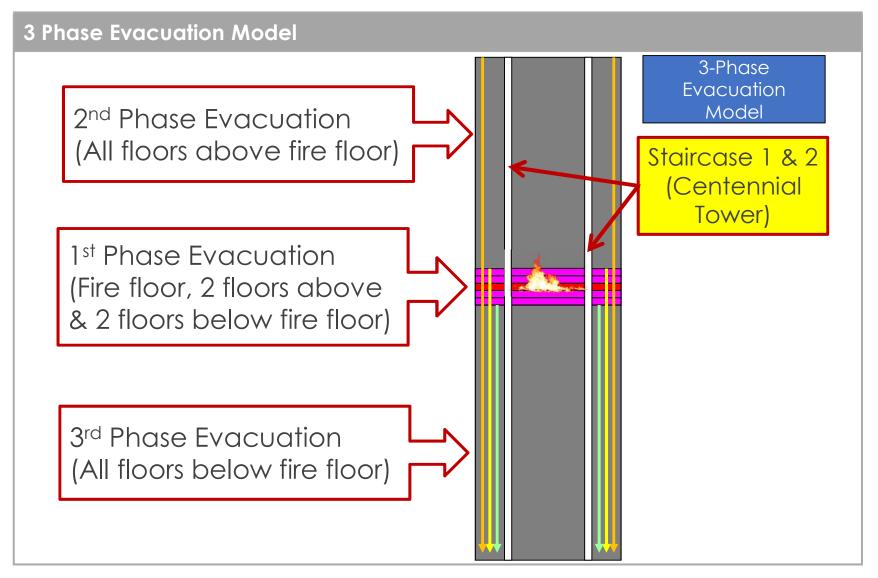
EVACUATION

Tenants(s)

- Evacuate in an orderly manner using escape stair case.
- Help any person(s) in need of assistance. Example: handicapped etc.
- Used Emergency phone to seek assistance
- Report to Assembly Area Coordinator
- DO NOT RETURN TO UNIT

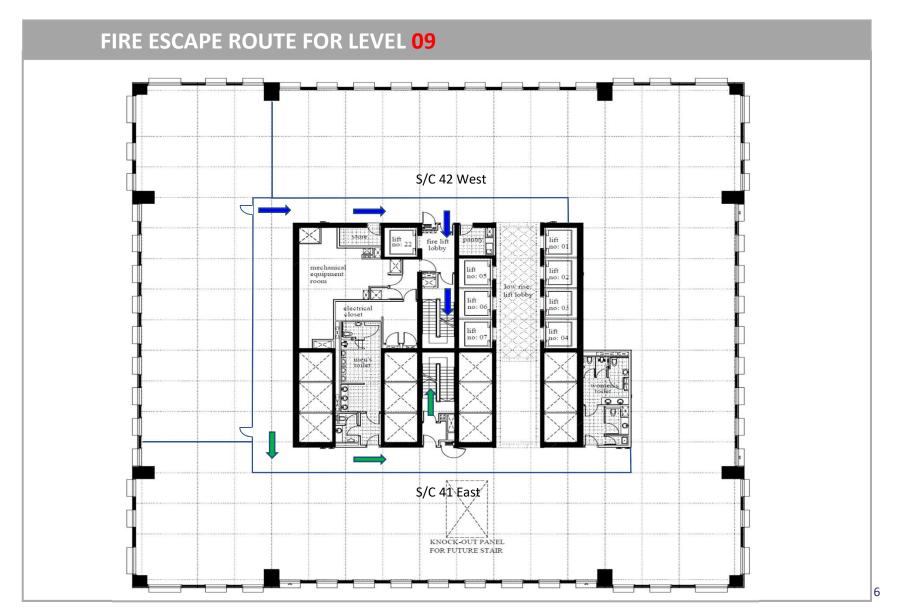
Fire Escape Route : Centennial Tower





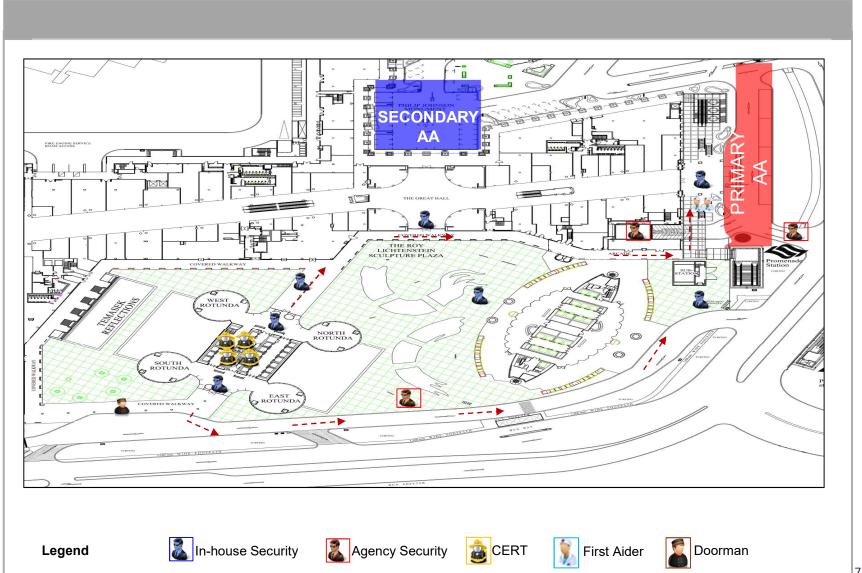
Millenia Tower





Fire Escape Route : Millenia Tower

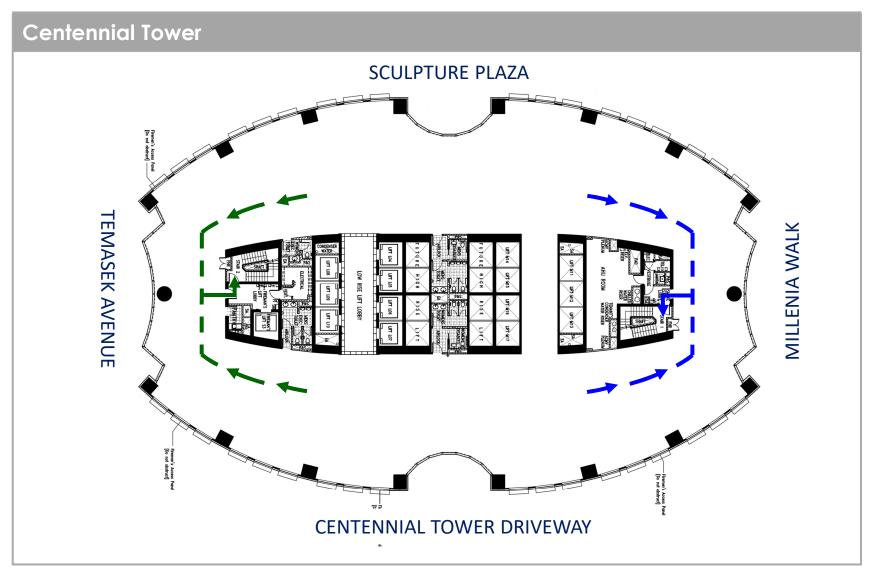




Centennial Tower

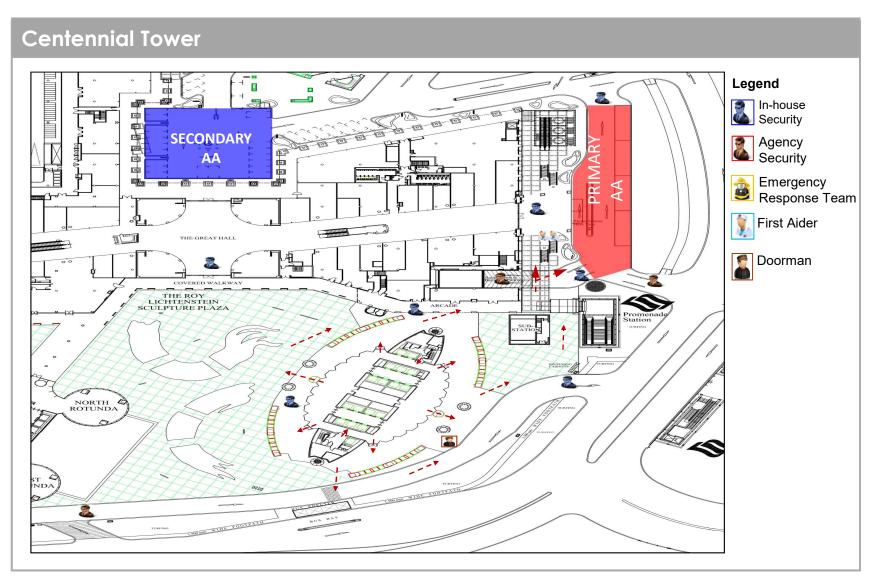
Fire Escape Route: Centennial Tower





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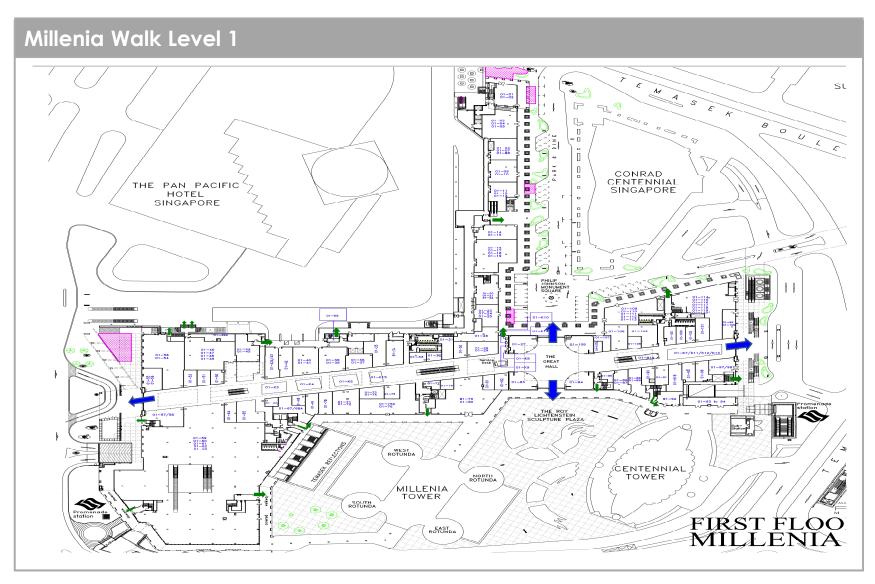




Millenia Walk

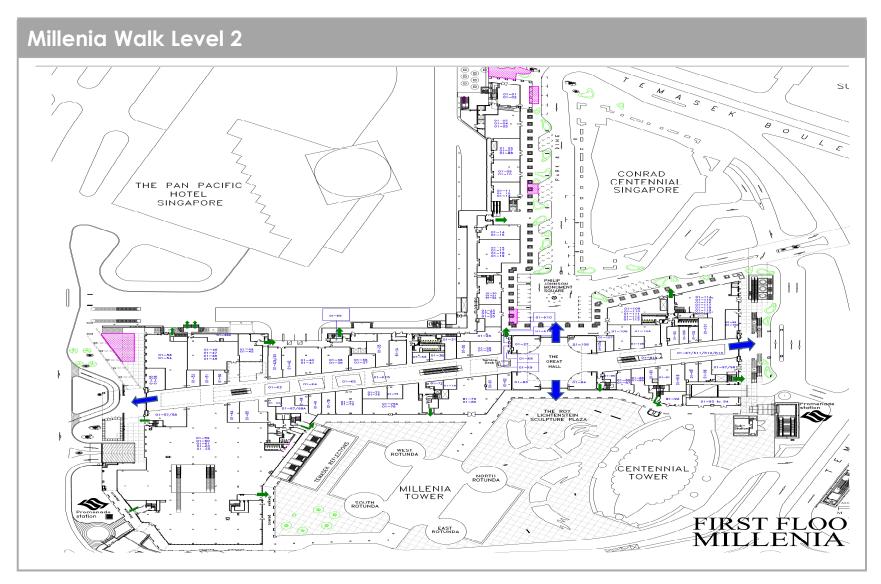
Fire Escape Route : Millenia Walk





Fire Escape Route : Millenia Walk





What should I do at the Assembly Area (AA)?



For Fire Wardens

Conduct attendance taking at the Assembly Area (AA)

Submit the completed list to the AA Coordinator



Evacuation status for individual floors will be indicated on the whiteboard facing the Assembly Area



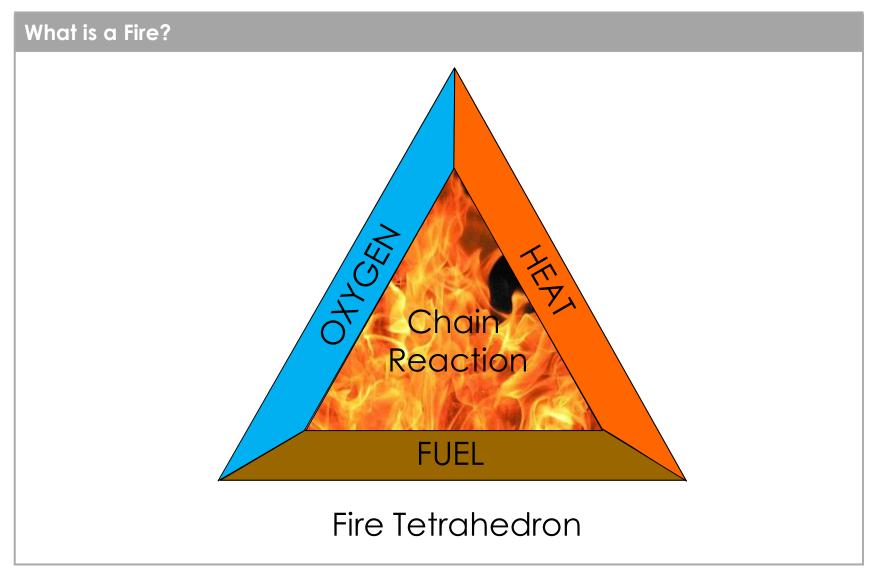
Attendance sheet of all floors received

Wait at the AA for the dismissal announcement

Using a Fire Extinguisher

WHAT HAPPENS IN A FIRE?





WHAT HAPPENS IN A FIRE?



Types of Fire

Class A: Ordinary combustible material (wood, clothes, paper, rubber, etc)

Class B: Flammable liquids, solvents, oils, paints, thinner and liquefiable solids

Class C: Flammable gases

Example: LPG

Liquefied petroleum gas



How to use fire extinguisher



Fire Extinguisher



Dry Powder Fire Extinguisher

Chemical: Siliconized mono ammonium

phosphate

Propellant: Nitrogen (Inert gas) **Classified Toxicity:** Non-Toxic

Inhalation: YES; may be irritant to the

respiratory tract.

Eye contact: YES; mildly irritant for a short

period.

Skin contact: YES; may be mildly irritating





How to use fire extinguisher



Fire Extinguisher: P.A.S.S



STEP 1:

PULL OUT THE SAFETY PIN Twist to break off the safety pin strap





STEP 2:

AIM AT THE BASE OF THE FIRE. Keep a safe distance of 1.0 – 1.5m from the flame



How to use fire extinguisher



Fire Extinguisher: P.A.S.S



STEP 3:

SQUEEZE THE HANDLE OF THE FIRE EXTINGUISHER





STEP 3:

SWEEP THE NOZZLE FROM SIDE TO SIDE WHILE DIRECTING THE DISHARGE AT THE BASE OF THE FIRE





Exercise caution when using scented candles





- Don't leave burning candles in the office unattended.
- Don't burn candle all the way down
- Never move candle while burning
- Lit candles should be placed in a stable holders on a heat-resistant surface and kept away from combustibles such as paper, cardboard, decorations or curtains



Fire Safety Tips for Christmas Tree



- a) Check for any damaged wires, lighting connections and plugs.
- b) Turn off all decorative lights/lanterns when leaving home.
- c) Sparkle from the melting socket caused by the overheating of lights or lanterns will ignite a fire.
- d) Do not overload electrical outlets. Spread out the additional electrical appliances.





Electrical appliances and fixtures





Electrical fires happens,

- overloading with electrical appliances
- frayed wires or broken cord etc
- Always switch off appliances when not in use
- Do not run wires under carpets or mats and keep them away from hot surfaces
- Use only appliances and electronics plugs bearing the approved SAFETY mark







Tell tales signs of faulty light switches







(i) Temperamental Lights

When a light switch is turned on and it takes a moment for the light to go on.

(ii) Sparking Switches

It is normal to see a small spark inside the switch when turning it "OFF".

However, when this spark is accompanied by an audible noise, it can indicate a faulty light switch.

(iii) Noisy Switches

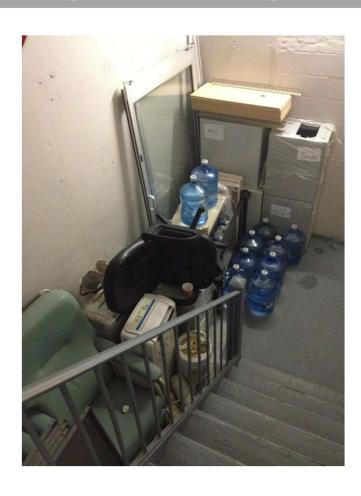
Faulty light switches can make a variety of electrical sounds

(iv) Switches which does not "Feel" right

If the switch toggle lever starts behaving differently, for e.g. losing its "snap" or becoming stiffer than usual



Keeping the Escape Passageways Clear





Escape passageways should be free of obstruction and fire exit doors should be kept accessible at all times for use during emergencies



Good Housekeeping





Do not store combustible materials/objects, e.g. papers, carton boxes, along common corridors, especially those less than 1.2m wide



Stay within occupancy load





Avoid overcrowding and stay within the safe occupancy load in the unit.

Every additional person over the safe occupant load reduces the efficiency of escape during emergency

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